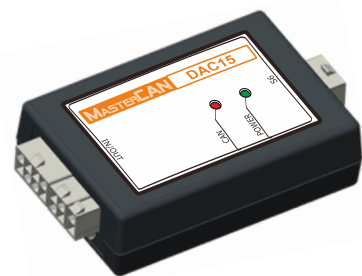


# Data converters

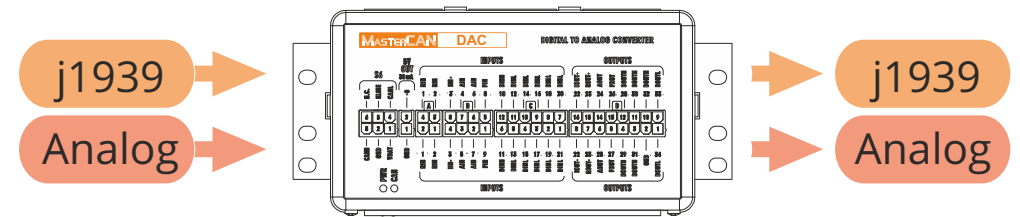
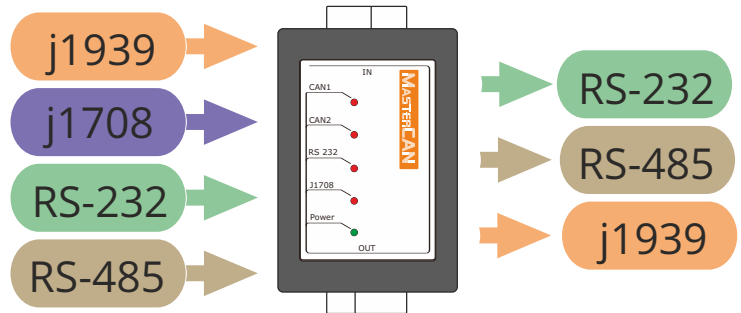


MASTERCAN



[www.jv-technoton.com](http://www.jv-technoton.com)

# Purpose



MasterCAN data converters transform and transmit digital and analog signals of standard and additional equipment of vehicle or stationary object into a telematic system.

# Tasks

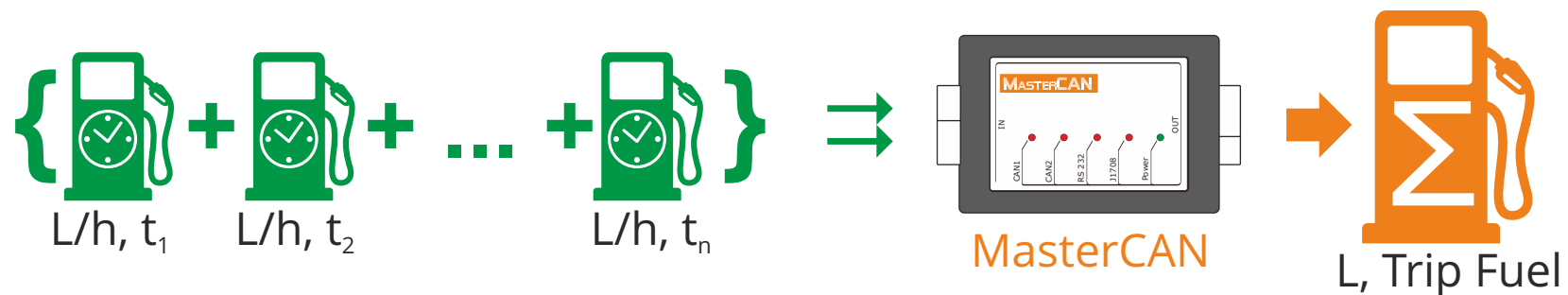
- ✓ Messages converting between CAN j1939/71, SAE j1587, Modbus RTU protocols.
- ✓ Integration into a combined telematics system:
  - on-board CAN j1939 and j1708 data buses;
  - additional equipment with CAN j1939, RS-232, RS-485 interfaces;
  - analog sensors, lamps, relays.
- ✓ Combining data of two CAN j1939 buses: FMS messages are gathered from the first bus, Telematics messages from the second; data from both information buses is simultaneously transmitted to telematics unit.
- ✓ Automation of operation of analog devices (relays, executive mechanisms) using CAN messages of the terminal, sensors, j1939 bus.

# Tasks/ Fuel counter

In information buses, usually, there is data **only on instant fuel consumption**.

MasterCAN data converter receives this data from information bus of vehicle and calculates total fuel consumption from the time of engine start.

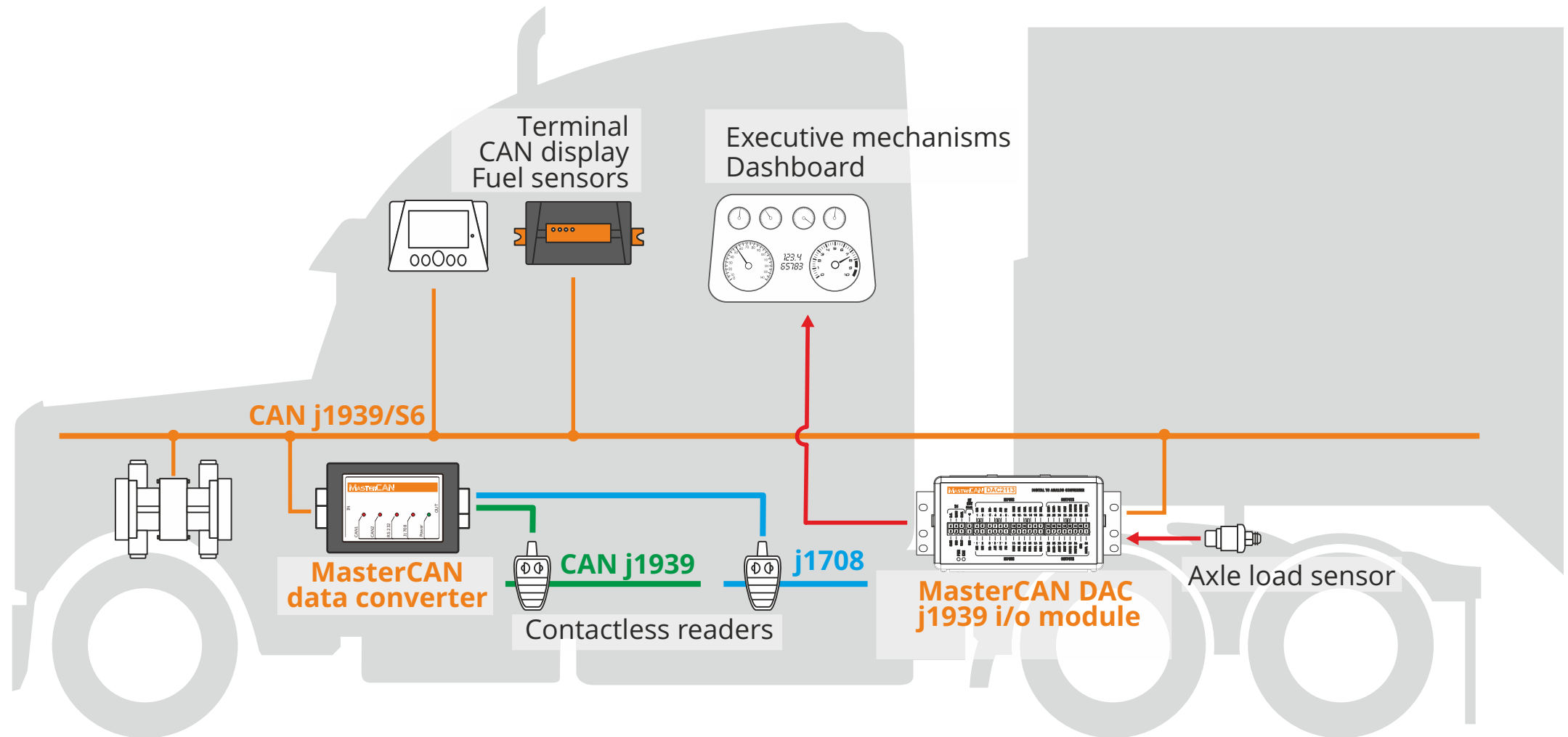
Ready-made data on fuel consumption for a trip are transmitted to telematics unit.



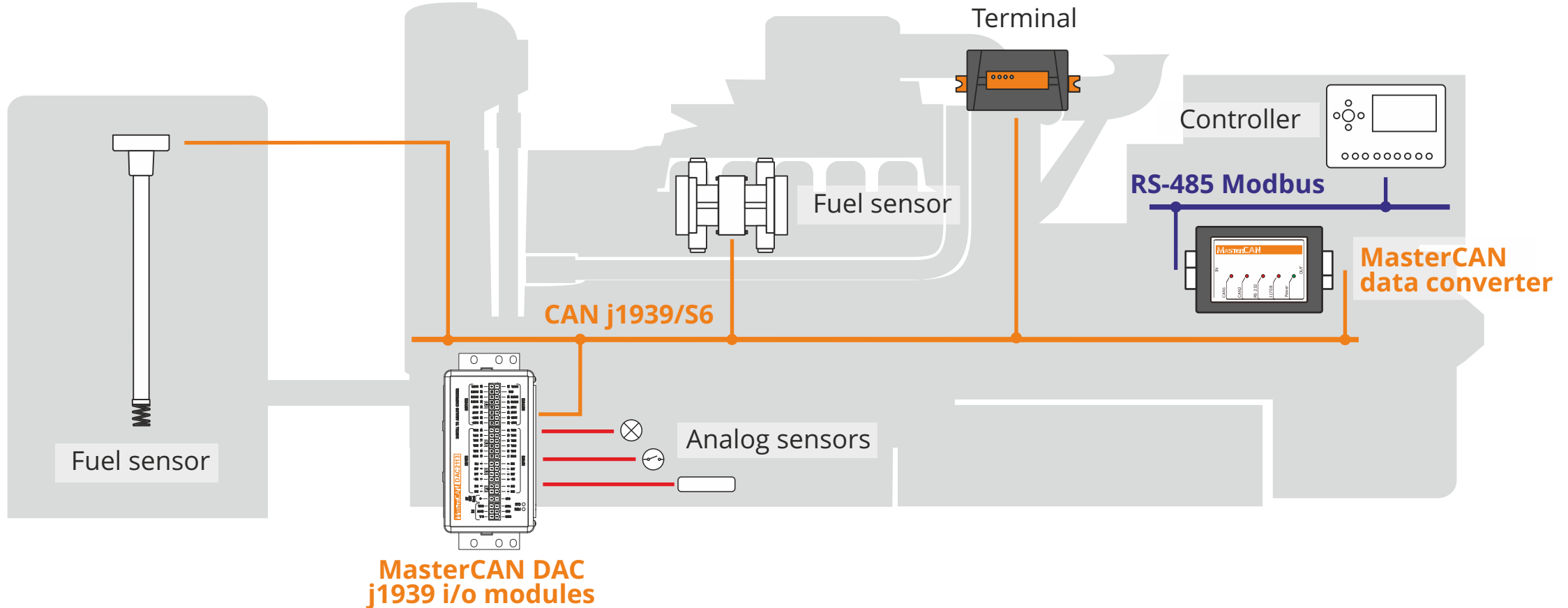
# Advantages

- ✓ Versatility – can be used for vehicle telematics, IIoT applications, industrial automation projects.
- ✓ Flexible configuration of input/output SPN, Modbus registers, data baud rate.
- ✓ Conformity with automotive standards of the EU and EAEU.
- ✓ Power supply from on-board automotive electrical network without additional power adapters.

# Application/ Vehicle telematics



# Application/ Industrial automation



# Interfaces (protocols) of MasterCAN data converters

	CC	C 232/485	V-GATE	RS2CAN	CAN2RS
<b>Input interface (protocol)</b>					
CAN (SAE J1939/71)					
J1708 (SAE J1587)					
RS-232 (Modbus RTU)					
RS-485 (Modbus RTU)					
<b>Output interface (protocol)</b>					
CAN (SAE J1939/71)					
RS-232 (Modbus RTU)					
RS-232 (ASCII, DUT-E COM)					
RS-485 (Modbus RTU)					
RS-485 (ASCII, DUT-E COM)					

# Inputs and outputs of MasterCAN DAC j1939 i/o modules

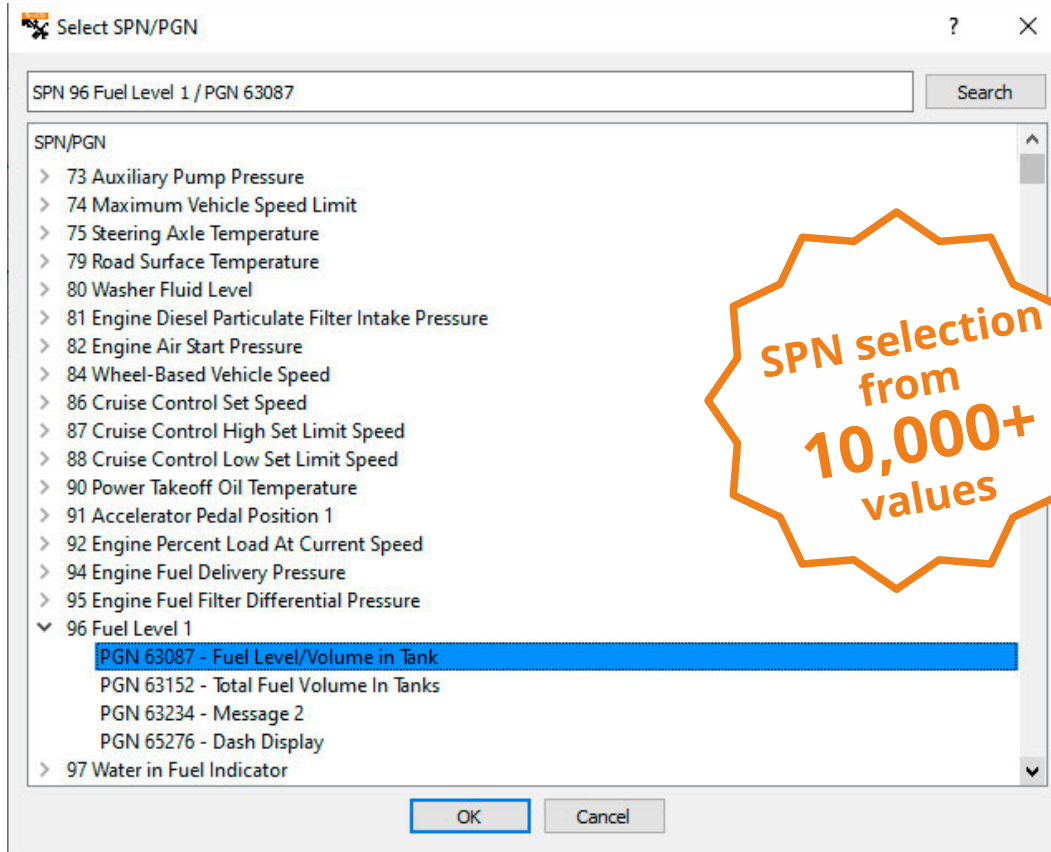
		MasterCAN DAC15		MasterCAN DAC2113	
Signal types	Signal types	Inputs, pcs.	Outputs, pcs.	Inputs, pcs.	Outputs, pcs.
CAN j1939/S6 interface		1	1	1	1
Resistive	0,015 ... 50 kOhm	-	1	2	1
Voltage	0,5 ... 9 V	1	1	4	2*
Frequency	0,01 ... 10 kHz	1	1	2	2
Pulse	0,5 ... 9 V / 40 ... 250 ms	-	1	-	-
Current	4 ... 20 mA	-	1	1	1
Discrete		-	2	12	7

combined voltage/frequency input     
  combined voltage/frequency/pulse output     
 \* voltage value 0.5 ... 10 V

# Examples of collected and converted data

- ✓ Fuel – the current volume in the tank, refuelling and draining, hourly consumption.
- ✓ Engine operation - RPM, current moment, engine operating time.
- ✓ Oils, coolant and other technical fluids - temperature, level, pressure.
- ✓ Axle load, weight of the cargo.
- ✓ Work parameters of additional and attached equipment of vehicles.
- ✓ Electrical parameters of the diesel power plant alternator.
- ✓ Parameters of the industrial equipment.

# MasterCAN service software



The MasterCAN converters are configured using the S6 SK service adapter and Service S6 MasterCAN software (for Windows).

CAN j1939 parameters (SPN) or RS-232/485 parameters (Modbus register map) are configurable with maximum flexibility.

# Configuration/ MasterCAN CC, C232/485, V-GATE

J1939/S6 input/output setup:

- ✓ permission to send FMS and Telematics messages;
- ✓ permission to send active requests to the CAN bus.

RS-232/485 input/output setup:

- ✓ selecting output protocol type – Modbus, text (ASCII), DUT-E COM;
- ✓ setting the interval and other parameters for messages transfer using the ASCII protocol;
- ✓ selection of the baud rate via RS-232/485;
- ✓ automatic calculation of trip fuel consumption (by input SPN 183).

# Configuration/ MasterCAN RS2CAN, CAN2RS

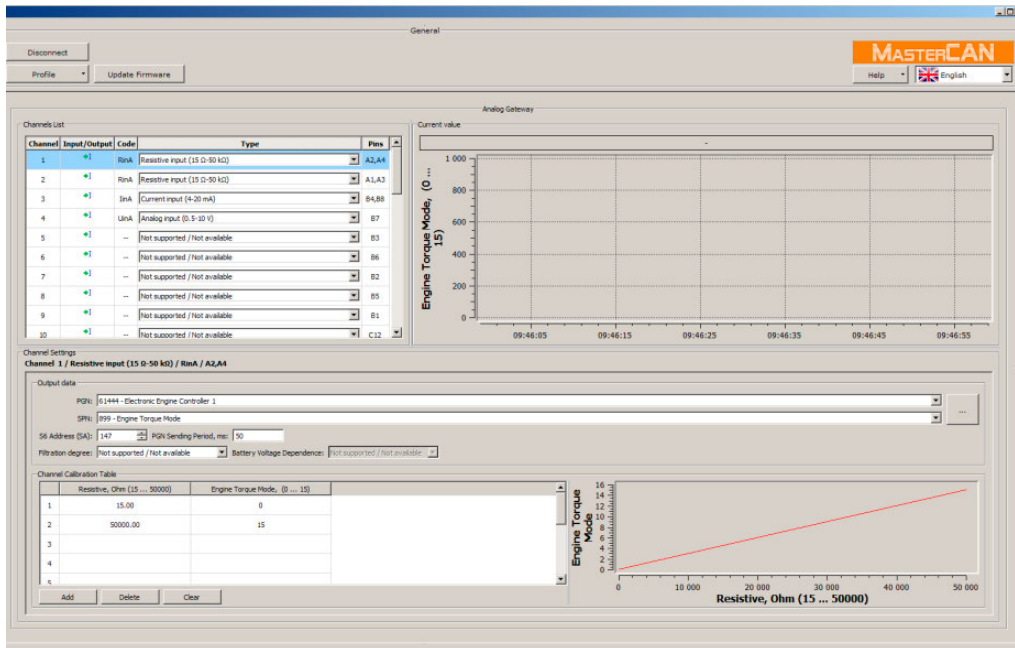
J1939/S6 input/output setup:

- ✓ SPN selection (from 10,000+ values) for input/output data;
- ✓ indication of addresses of devices connected via the S6 interface;
- ✓ selection of data baud rate.

RS-232/485 input/output setup:

- ✓ selection of Modbus register for reading/writing data;
- ✓ selection of data baud rate.

# MasterCAN DAC service software



The screenshot displays the MasterCAN DAC service software interface. The top bar includes a 'Disconnect' button, a 'Profile' dropdown, an 'Update Firmware' button, and the 'MASTERCAN' logo with 'Help' and 'English' options. The main area is divided into several sections:

- Channels List:** A table listing 10 channels with columns for Channel, Input/Output, Code, Type, and Pin.
- Analog Gateway:** A graph showing 'Engine Torque Mode, (0 ... 15)' on the y-axis (0 to 1000) and time on the x-axis (09:46:05 to 09:46:55).
- Channel Settings:** A section for 'Channel 1 / Resistive input (15 Ohm to 50 kOhm) / RmA / A2,A4'. It includes fields for PGN (61444 - Electronic Engine Controller 1), SPN (999 - Engine Torque Mode), SA Address (147), PGN Sending Period (50), and Filtration degree (Not supported / Not available).
- Channel Calibration Table:** A table with columns for Resistor Value, Resistor Range, and Engine Torque Mode.
- Graph:** A graph showing 'Engine Torque Mode, (0 ... 15)' on the y-axis (0 to 16) and 'Resistive, Ohm (15 ... 50000)' on the x-axis (0 to 50,000). A red line indicates a linear relationship between the two variables.

MasterCAN DAC works simultaneously in two modes: digital-analog, analog-digital.

Service S6 MasterCAN configures both modes: SPN conversion to the desired type of analog signal (voltage, frequency, current, discrete, resistive) and reverse conversion.

# Configuration/ MasterCAN DAC 2113, DAC 15

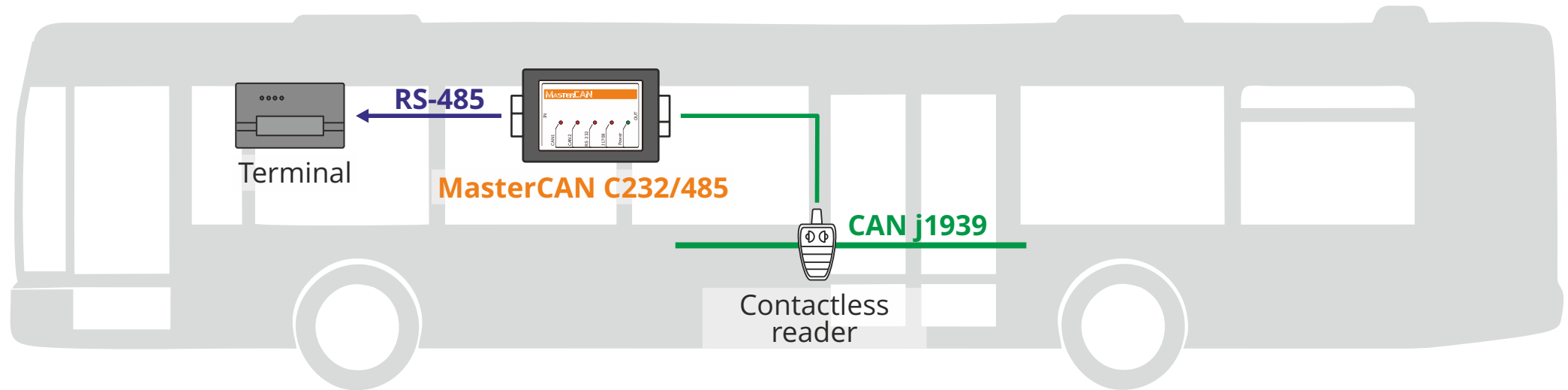
J1939/S6 input/output setup:

- ✓ SPN selection (from 10,000+ values) for input/output data.

Analog inputs/outputs setup:

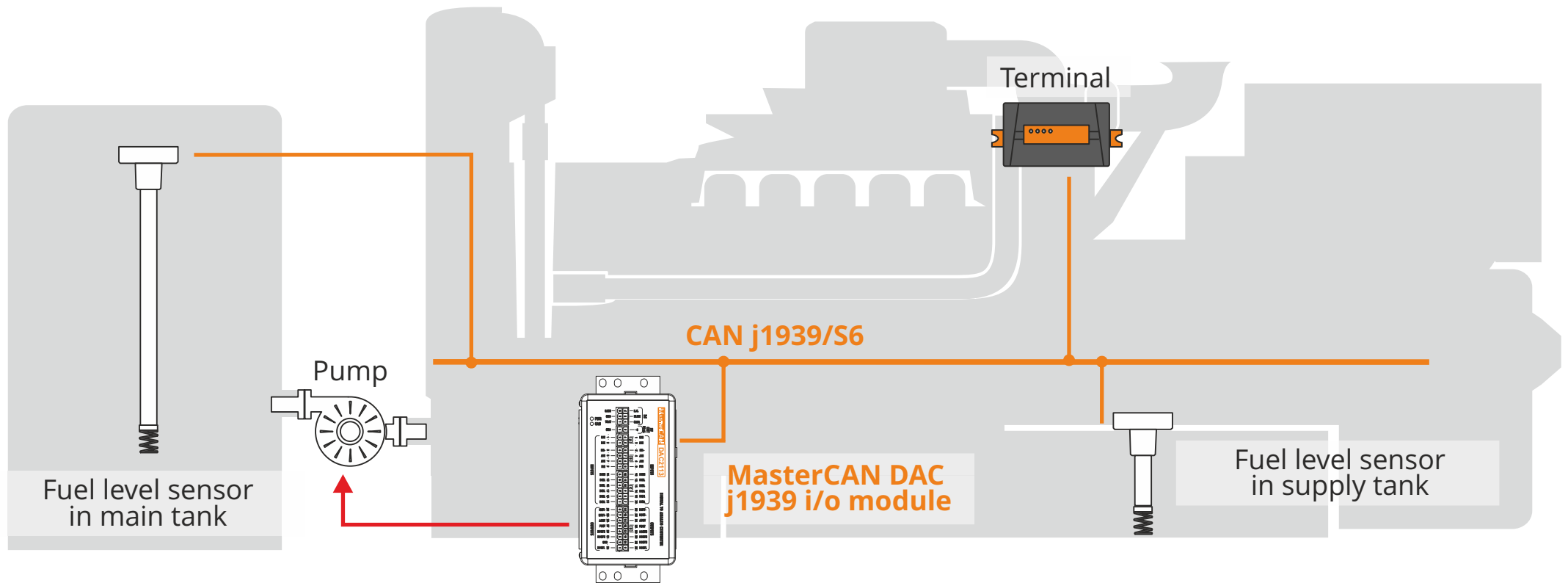
- ✓ selection of the required type of input/output signal (voltage, frequency, pulse, current, discrete, resistive);
- ✓ setting the limit values of the output analog signals.

# Business cases/ City buses



Fuel data (consumption, tank fuel level) is read from the CAN bus. They are converted to RS-485 and transmit to the corresponding terminal input.

# Business cases/ Fuel pumping automation



The onboard equipment of genset monitoring system exchanges data via CAN j1939/S6 bus. MasterCAN converter turns on/off the pump power relay depending on the data of fuel level sensor about the remaining fuel in the supply tank.

## Summary

- ✓ MasterCAN converters – intelligent converters of digital messages and analog signals used in machinery telematics and stationary object monitoring systems (IIoT).
- ✓ The converters combine on-board data buses, analog sensors, and other peripherals with different digital interfaces into a single network.
- ✓ Converters collect data, which are transmitted over various communication protocols, and analog signals for transformation and sending uniformed messages to a telematics service.

# Learn more

Official web-pages



[www.jv-technoton.com](http://www.jv-technoton.com)

More about S6 Technology



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More about IoT Burger Technology



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